

# The Newport Mercury.

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NEWPORT, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1845.

Established  
A. D. 1759

**The Newport Mercury**  
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY  
**J. H. BARBER.**  
No. 133, Thames Street.

**Terms**—Two DOLLARS per annum.

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No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.  
Single papers SIX CENTS, to be had at the Office.

**PLAIN & FANCY**  
**JOB PRINTING**  
—SUCH AS—

Labels, Way Bills, Steamboat Bills, Handbills, Station Bills, Bills of Lading, Pamphlets, Blank, Bank Checks, Circulars, Tickets, Business Cards, Catalogues, Bill Heads, Notes, Bills of Fare, Notifications, Large Show Bills, for Concerts, Public Meetings, Exhibitions, Lectures, &c.

Promptly executed, at prices as low as those of any other establishment.

**No Monopoly.**

Independent Line for New York, via Newport.

**FARE**—Cabin 75 CENTS.—Deck 50.

The staunch & commodious steamer **NEPTUNE**, Capt. Rollins, will leave Long Wharf Newport, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, until further notice, at about half past 7 o'clock, p. m. for New York. Merchandise generally, 6 cents per foot. Boots, shoes, bonnets and hats, 4 cents per foot.

The Neptune is now in the most complete order, having been furnished with a pair of new boilers, and many valuable improvements added to her engine and machinery, by which her speed is much increased.—Several new state rooms have been added, and her accommodations otherwise enlarged and improved. The travelling Public who consult safety, comfort, economy, and speed, will do so by patronizing this boat, as she is believed to be the safest sea boat in the country.

Goods consigned to the agent at Newport, will be shipped free of commissions or storage. Tickets sold, and Berths and State rooms secured at No 142 Thames st. and at the office on the wharf, any time before the boat arrives.

**CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent.**  
Newport, Sept. 13.

**New Arrangement.**  
**UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.**

**FOR NEW YORK.**

THE N. J. Steam Navigation Company will on and after Sunday next, 21st of Sept, run the steamer **MOHEGAN**, in superior order, between Newport and Stonington, to connect with the splendid steamer Massachusetts, for New York on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock, P. M. She will also leave Newport for Providence on her arrival from Stonington, at about half past 8 o'clock, a. m.—Returning leave Providence the same days at 1 P. M.

(Sept 29, 1845.)  
**ANTHONY STEWART, Agent.**

**EVENING LINE for NEW YORK**

By Long Island Rail Road and splendid steamer New Haven.

The steamer **NEW HAVEN** Capt. Van Pelt, will leave Long Wharf, Newport on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings for Greenport, at about half past 7 o'clock. Fare 50 cents.

The baggage will be forwarded in crates through.

**NICHOLAS GIFFORD, Agent.**  
Sept. 27.

**Sept. 20, 1845.**

**NEW**

**FALL GOODS,**

—SUCH AS—

**WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.**

HAVE been opening during the last and present week, a very beautiful variety of

**FASHIONABLE FALL GOODS,**

—SUCH AS—

Alpacas, Mousseline de laines, Cashmere do. do, Rep. Cashmere, Shawls, Ribbons, &c. &c.

Flannels of every variety, Stocking Yarn, Knit Hosiery.

## PORTRY.

### ROMANCE.

It pours its rich and glorious light  
O'er lake, and glen, and forest lone,  
It wreathes the very woodland flowers  
With grace and freshness not their own.  
It fills our youthful souls with awe,  
When listening to the legend old;  
It haunts the poet's dream of fame,  
It thrills the heart of warrior bold.

Uncertain light alike it flings  
O'er stately dome and rustic cot;  
A magic charm it weaves around  
Our common life, and daily lot.  
It pictures to the maiden fair  
Visions unrealized on earth,  
And whispers to her lover's heart  
A tale of matchless grace and worth.

Firmly it clings to hoary age,  
Musing o'er feats of boyish glee,  
As moss the mouldering ruin decks,  
As ivy clasps the withering tree;  
In every human breast there flows  
This sparkling, gushing, restless spring;  
Its banks are green, its flowers are fair,  
The birds upon its margin sing.

Though oft its wayward course is strayed,  
Though gnarled roots obstruct its way,  
Choked by sere leaves and matted grass,  
And perched beneath the noontide ray;  
Ever it gushes forth anew,  
Warbling a wild untutored lay;  
More freshly awells its cooling fount,  
Gladdening the pilgrim's onward way.

### A Chronological Account of all material Occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

1799.

At the Annual Election held at Newport on the first Wednesday of May, the following persons were elected officers:

Arthur Fenner, Governor.  
George Brown, Lieutenant Governor.

**Senators.**

John Innis Clarke, Noah Mathewson,  
Job Greene, John Cook,  
James Congdon, Thomas Hoxie,  
Nicholas Taylor, Job Watson,  
John Harris, Timothy Wilmath

Samuel Eddy, Secretary.

James Burrill, Jr., Attorney General.

Henry Shurburne, Treasurer.

### Events of the Year.

The United States Frigate General Greene, was launched at Warren on the 21st of January.

An Insurance Company, with a capital of one hundred thousand Dollars, was organized this year.—It was called the Newport Insurance Co.

The U. S. Frigate Gen. Greene of 32 guns, C. R. Perry, Esq. Commander, sailed from Newport on the 2d of June for the West Indies.

At the June session of the General Assembly, a bill was introduced for the establishment of Free Schools—500 copies of the bill was ordered to be printed and distributed throughout the State.—The bill was postponed to the next session.

Another attempt to divide the town of Gloucester into two towns, was made at this session, and was rejected by a majority of 20.

A motion was made by Mr. Smith of Providence, for calling a Convention of Delegates, to be chosen by the Freemen in their respective towns, in the ratio of one for every thousand inhabitants, for the purpose of forming a Constitution for the State. After considerable discussion the question was postponed.

The U. S. Frigate George Washington, Capt. Fletcher arrived at Newport on the 12th of June from a cruise.

The Brig Experience of Charleston S. C. arrived at Newport on the 14th of June, from Campeachy, she has been captured by a British ship of war and a Prize Master and 10 men put on board. Two men and a boy of the crew who had been left on board seized an opportunity, and retook the vessel which they brought safe into port.

The Fort at Brenton's Point having been completed it was with great ceremony (by consent of the Secretary of War) named by Major Tousard, the Engineer, FORT ADAMS.

The U. S. Frigate Gen. Greene, Capt. Perry, arrived at Newport on the 27th of July from the West India station, having a fatal and contagious disorder on board, —during the cruise she lost the Pur-

ser, Surgeon, 2d officer of Marines, three midshipmen and fourteen others by the disease, and after her arrival thirty five sick were landed and sent to the Hospital.

Gen. Wilkinson and Gen. C. C. Pinckney arrived in Newport in Sept.

The U. S. Frigate United States, Com. Barry, arrived at Newport on the 11th Sept., from a cruise.

The mournful intelligence of the death of General George Washington, late President of the United States, was received in Newport, on Sunday morning the 22d of Dec. The Bells were tolled during the whole of that and the following day; the Stores were shut and a total suspension of business took place.

### DEATHS THIS YEAR.

Major John Breesee formerly of the British Army and his Britannic Majesty's Vice Consul for Rhode Island, died at Newport on the 24th of April, in the 64th year of his age.

Thomas W. Moore, formerly British Consul for Rhode Island died in London, on the 8th of May aged 64 years.

Col. Jeremiah Bowers, who was a large landholder in Rhode Island, died at Swansey (Mass.) July 29, aged 78.

Capt. William Minturn, a respectable Merchant of New York died at Newport Aug. 23—he was a native of Newport.

John Holmes, Esq., formerly a Representative in the General Assembly, died at Middletown in November.

Oliver R. Warner, Esq., formerly a member of the General Assembly, and for many years a prominent citizen of Newport, died at Providence in November.

Dr. Isaac Senter\* one of the ablest physicians New England has produced died at Newport, Dec. 20th in the 46th year of his age.

Gen. George Washington died at his seat at Mount Vernon on the 21st of December in the 68th year of his age.—His disorder was the Quinsey.

[With this number we have brought our Chronology down to the commencement of the year eighteen hundred.]

\* DR. ISAAC SENTER, was a native of Londonderry, N. H., and was born about the year 1753. He received his medical education in Newport, R. I., that place being famed at the time, for the number of its distinguished Physicians. While pursuing his studies the news of the battle of Lexington (April 1775) arrived, and filled with patriotic ardor, he immediately joined the Rhode Island troops, whom he accompanied to the camp at Cambridge as a surgeon. On the organization of the army, he received a confirmation of his appointment, and was sent with the expedition of Gen. Arnold to Quebec, their route was up the Kennebec river, and through the then untrodden wilderness, which occupied thirty-two days in the inclement months of November and December before they reached the settlements on the Claudiere; the whole march was made on foot, during which he with the rest of the army, suffered almost incredible hardships. In the assault on Quebec, all Arnold's division were either killed, or made prisoners of war.—Among the latter was young Senter, who after being detained for some time to attend on the sick and wounded, was released and suffered to return home.

In 1779 he quitted the army, and settled as a Physician in the town of Cranston, R. I., and was soon after elected one of the Representatives to the General Assembly from that town. In 1780 he was chosen Surgeon and Physician General of the State, and the same year removed to Newport, where he commenced the practice of Physic under the most favorable auspices, nearly all the old Physicians having either died or emigrated during the war. In his profession—his distinguished talents, joined to an acute penetration, sound judgement and prompt decision was the theme of universal approbation. He contributed several papers to the Medical publications of the day, which acquired him a reputation, not only in his own country, but in Europe.—In the height of his fame and usefulness, he was seized with a lingering disorder, brought on by unremitting attention to the duties of his profession, of which, to the great regret of his fellow citizens, he expired on the 20th of December 1799 at the age of 46 years.

He left three sons and two daughters. The only survivors of his family are Mrs. Crocker, wife of the Rev. Dr. Crocker, of Providence, and Mrs. Hunt, of Philadelphia.

An extensive rope making establishment at Plymouth, has manufactured twenty-five gangs of rigging this year of American hemp, and but six of Russia; whereas last year it manufactured not a single gang out of American hemp. The American dew-rotted hemp is now used almost universally for standing rigging, and it is getting fast into use for running rigging.

The Universalists of the U. S. have 1094 churches (a gain of 412 in ten years,) 676 preachers (gain of 381,) and 640 meeting houses (gain of 388.)

From the Boston Traveller of Monday.

**SIGNAL-GOOD LUCK.**—A letter from a friend in Canton, under date of May 25th, relates the following striking and interesting fact:

"A Spanish schooner of about 100 tons, now here, the 'Quartermoon,' of Manila, has met with the richest luck that, so far as I know, is on record. It appears that she started from Manila, for the avowed purpose of fishing upon the shoals of the China Seas. While upon the 'West London Shoals,' as the captain states, he saw an anchor, having a chain fast to it, which he traced along until he found a wreck; and having 'divers' on board, he sent them down to see what might be found on board.

"One man at last brought up a piece of metal which he called LEAD, but which the captain knew to be large sycee silver, weighing about 70 dollars! The man reported any quantity below; so at it all hands went, and worked till they had brought up the value of 150,000 dollars in these ingots of silver, the crew all the while supposing that they had lead.—The captain got all he dared to trust his crazy craft with, and then made sail for China. He arrived here about two months since, and sold his sycee to a house to whom he consigned his vessel. He then returned to Manila, fitted out again for his 'shoal,' picked up 25,000 dollars more, got all the ship's anchors and cables, and all her old fastenings in shape of iron, knees, bolts, &c. and also her water casks, and now is here again. He has sold his sycee, and the remains of the wreck are to be sold at public auction in a day or two.

"No one knows what vessel it was that this treasure belonged to. A Chronometer was picked up also, but that leads to nothing, and as yet the mystery is not solved. It is supposed by many that the vessel was cast away; and that some of the crew got to Manila and reported the loss, and the money on board; and that this captain, having kept quiet for a year, and perhaps a dozen, till all was forgotten, started this fishing expedition. This, however is only surmise.—If he knows the vessel's name, he does not tell it. He seems to have acted honorably. He first gave the money over to the insurance offices, who immediately awarded him one third of it, and after investigating the matter, gave him the remainder.

"My own opinion is, that his story of first seeing the anchor, then the chain &c. is a fabrication; as the water casks he has brought appear never to have been under water. I think the vessel's between decks has always been clear of water; and he had to burn her to get the bolts, &c."

Our correspondent vouches for this statement. The money, he says, has all passed through his hands. The pieces of silver weighed about 50 ounces each.

## Select Tales

### Story of a Diamond Necklace.

One morning in the month of June 1806, the Empress Josephine's jeweler was ushered into a little apartment of the Tuileries, in which Napoleon was seated at breakfast.

"The necklace must be the very best you can produce," said the Emperor. "I do not care for the price; nevertheless I will have it submitted to a fair valuation. . . I warn you of that. . . Not that I doubt your integrity. . . but because . . . in short, because I am not a lapidary myself, and therefore not a competent judge of such measures. As soon as it is finished bring it to me, and take care that you show it to no one. You understand?"

"Yes, sire. But I wish your majesty could allow me a little more time, that I may be enabled to select the stones in the most satisfactory manner. Choice diamonds are very scarce at present. . . and they have risen greatly in price."

At these words, the Emperor turned sharply to the jeweller, and said, "What do you mean? Since the campaign of Germany the jewel market has been overstocked. Parbleu! I know it for a fact, that our French jewellers have been purchasing largely from the petty Princes of the Germanic Confederation, whom the King of Prussia and Emperor of Russia have ruined, by stirring them up against me. Go to Bapis, or to Mellerio; they can let you have as many diamonds as you may want."

"Sire, I have always made it a rule never to avail myself of the assistance of other tradesmen, when I have the honor of working for your majesty's august family. . . I have at this moment in my possession a set of Diamonds which I purchased for the King of Prussia, who has commissioned me—"

"That is your business, Froncier, and not mine. . . But with regard to the necklace, do the best you possibly

can, and show the people beyond the Rhine, that we surpass them in jewelry as well as in all other things."

On a sign from Napoleon, Froncier made his last bow and withdrew. A week after this interview, the Emperor received a necklace. It was surpassingly beautiful. The jewels, the pattern, the mounting, even the case in which it was enclosed—all were unique. Napoleon had it valued; it was estimated to be worth 800,000 francs, precisely the price which Froncier demanded for it.—The Emperor was perfectly satisfied.

About this time, (June, 1806,) Prince Louis Bonaparte, one of Napoleon's younger brothers was raised to the rank of sovereignty, and proclaimed King of Holland.

On the day when Napoleon was to receive the crown of that realm from the hands of the Dutch envoys, and to place it on his brother's head, all the Court assembled at St. Cloud. Louis and Hortense arrived in the morning from St. Duo. The ceremony which was attended with great pomp, took place in the 'Salle du Trone.' The envoys of the defunct Batavian republic were magnificently entertained, and it was announced that the new King and Queen would set out for their dominions on the following day. In the evening Napoleon sent to inform Hortense that he desired to speak with her in his cabinet. She immediately attended the summons, and when the page threw open the folding doors to announce her, the title of 'Her Majesty the Queen of Holland' greeted her ear for the first time.

"Hortense," said the Emperor, "you have become the Queen of a brave and virtuous people. If you and your husband act wisely, the house of Orange can never again return to Holland with its old pretensions. However, from my knowledge of the Dutch people, I think I can discern in them one remarkable fault; it is, that under the outward appearance of great simplicity, they are fond of luxury and especially of wealth. With them vanity is the strongest feeling next to interest. Now it would be bad policy to suffer yourself in the eyes of your new court to be eclipsed by the over dressed wife of some rich burghmaster, who has nothing to be proud of but his money bags. You must have a good assortment of jewels, and here is a little ornament which I beg you will accept.—Wear this necklace sometimes in remembrance of me. I have purchased it myself, out of my own savings."

Saying, Napoleon clasped the glittering circlet on the neck of Hortense, and embracing her with paternal affection, bade her farewell.

When seated on the throne of Holland, Queen Hortense rendered full honor to her father-in-law's present. On every court day, at the Palace of the Hague, at every 'fete' given in the Moisson de Bois, the superb necklace adorned her swanlike neck.

But soon came those disastrous days when Napoleon's sun began to set.—Hortense descended from the throne precisely as she had ascended it; in willing obedience. On her arrival in Holland, her subjects had greeted her with cries of "God bless our lovely Queen!" On her departure, those cries were changed to "God bless our good Queen!" To a heart like that of Hortense, this last greeting was consolatory even at the moment when a throne was lost: On retiring into private life, she devoted herself to the education of her children, and to rendering filial attentions to her mother, who, like herself, was the widow of a throne.

The cannon of Waterloo had ceased to roar, and Napoleon was obliged to quit the Elisees, and to take refuge in Malmaison, the last abode of the Empress Josephine. One evening, when he was alone in the salon, seated before a table on which lay scattered the notes from which his second act of abdication was to be drawn up, a lady entered. It was Hortense.

"Sire," she said, in a voice trembling with emotion, "does your Majesty remember the present you made me at St. Cloud, about nine years ago?"

Napoleon gazed at the daughter of Josephine, with a mingled expression of grief and affection, then taking her hand, he said,

"Well, Hortense, what have you to say to me?"

"Sire, when I was a Queen, you gave me this necklace. It is of great value. But now I am no longer a Queen, and you are unfortunate. . . therefore, I entreat that you will permit me to return it."

"That necklace, Hortense," replied Napoleon, coldly. "Why deprive yourself of it? It is now, probably, the half of your fortune. And your children?"

"Sire, it is all I possess in the world. But as to my children, they will never reproach their mother for having shared with her benefactor the bounty which he was pleased to confer on her."

She burst into tears, and Napoleon struggled to conceal his emotion.

"No, Hortense," said he, averting his head, and gently repelling the hand which was stretched out to him; "no, I cannot—"

"Take it, I implore you. There is no time to be lost. They are coming!"

With these words she thrust the jewel-case into his hand. A few hours afterwards the necklace was stitched into a silken ceinture, which Napoleon wore under his waistcoat.

Six weeks after this incident, Napoleon was on the deck of the Bellerophon, preparing to embark on board the Northumberland. The arms of the persons of his suite were taken from them, their baggage was inspected, and they were not permitted to take with them either money or jewels. The trunk of the illustrious prisoner being searched, a box was found containing 4000 Napoleons d'or. He was informed that the money must be given up. This sum, together with some funds which Napoleon had lodged in the hands of Lafitte, prior to his departure from Paris, was all his fortune.

While the inspection was going on, Napoleon was gently pacing up and down the quarter deck with M. Las Cases.—Casting a fugitive look around him, and finding that he was not observed, he drew from beneath his waistcoat the silken ceinture, and gave it to his companion, saying,

"My dear Las Cases, a certain Greek philosopher used to say that he carried all his fortune about with him, though certainly he had not a shirt on his back. I don't know how he managed; but this I know, that ever since our departure from Paris I have been carrying all my treasure under my waistcoat. Will you relieve me of it?"

Unfastened his ceinture, and Las Cases, without making any reply, took it from him, and fastened it round his own waist.

It was not until after his arrival at St. Helena that Napoleon informed M. Las Cases that the silken band which he had confided to his care on board the Bellerophon contained a necklace worth 800,000 francs. Subsequently Las Cases expressed a desire to restore it to Napoleon.

"Does it not incommode you?" enquired the Emperor, drily.

"No, Sire."

"Then retain it," rejoined Napoleon; "fancy it is a charm or an amulet, it will not trouble you."

Fifteen months afterwards, Las Cases was, by order of the English Government, unexpectedly separated from Napoleon. He and his son were removed from Longwood, and conveyed to Plantation House, where they were kept under strict surveillance until they embarked for the Cape of Good Hope.

Meanwhile, Las Cases still held possession of the diamond necklace. Time ran on, and he was informed that he had only a few days longer to remain at St. Helena. He was distressed at the thought of departing without being able to return the treasure to its owner.—What could he do? All communication between him and Longwood was peremptorily interdicted. A plan occurred to his thoughts, and he determined to run the risk of attempting its execution.—Among the persons who had recently arrived at St. Helena, there was an English officer, whose open countenance and candid manners encouraged Las Cases to place confidence in him. This officer came to Plantation House in the suite of the Governor. He spoke French perfectly; and Las Cases seized an opportunity of whispering a few words to him unperceived.

"I have reason to believe that you possess a noble and generous heart; and will venture to put it to the proof. You can render me a most important act of service, and one that will compromise neither your conscience nor your duty. It is an affair which concerns my honor and that of my family. I have in my possession something of considerable value, which I am anxious to return to the Emperor. If you will undertake to deliver it to him, my son will slip it secretly into your pocket."

The officer replied merely by a significant nod of the head. Young Las Cases, who was with his father, had received his instructions, and Queen Hortense's necklace was dropped into the officer's pocket unperceived, though quite within sight of the Governor's staff.

But the greatest difficulty yet remaining to be accomplished—that of conveying the treasure to its owner. Two whole years elapsed ere this could be effected.

It occurred to the Emperor Napoleon that he had, for some time, been the object of more vigilant watchfulness than before. He could not stir from Longwood without observing an English officer, who kept his eye upon him, following him like a shadow. One day Na-



oleon remarked, that the officer was watching him more closely than usual; and turning round, he exclaimed, angrily, "What is the meaning of this? It is very hard that I cannot take a breath of air without having a spy on my footsteps!"

Then cutting short his walk, he hurried back in the direction of Longwood. The Englishman turned back also, and coming close up to Napoleon—

"Sire," said he, in a tone of profound respect.

"Begone, sir!" said Napoleon, sharply. "There can be no communication between me and your employers.—Begone, I say!"

"Sire," resumed the officer, with an air of perfect composure, "your Majesty is under a mistake." He then hurriedly uttered the words—"Count Las Cases—I have something of value."

"Ah!" exclaimed Napoleon. "Tell me what you have to say."

"I beg that your Majesty will continue your walk without seeming to notice me. I have a packet which I have carried about with me for two years, seeking an opportunity to deliver it. Will your Majesty contrive to let me throw it into your hat?"

Napoleon uncovered, and passed his hand across his forehead, which was an habitual action with him when endeavoring to recollect anything. By a movement as quick as thought, the necklace was thrown into his hat.

"Now," said the officer, in an under tone, "I trust your Majesty will pardon my importunity. I have fulfilled my mission, and you will see no more of me. May God bless and preserve your Majesty."

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About the end of April, 1821, some days before his death, Napoleon desired General Montholon to come to his bedside.

"My friend said he, 'I have, under my pillow, a necklace of considerable value, belonging to Hortense. I had good reasons for not allowing any one here to know that I possessed an article of such value. When I am gone, take it into your care, and when you return to France, (should you ever be so fortunate as to return there,) give it to Hortense. Should sorrow have hurried her to an early grave, give it to her children—my nephews.'"

Montholon promised to fulfil those commands.

"Now," said Napoleon, pressing his hand "I die satisfied."

The malady continued to make rapid progress; and when General Montholon was assured that Napoleon had but a few hours to live, he took his post, like a faithful sentinel, at the bed side of the invalid. At length, Dr Antomarchi pronounced the fatal words, "All is over!" and Montholon, gently raising his sovereign's head, drew from beneath the pillow the treasure confided to his care.

After many adventurous journeys in America and in various parts of Europe, Montholon returned to his native France. Having performed what he felt to be his first act of duty, that of embracing his aged mother, he sat out for Arenenberg, to restore to the ex-Queen of Holland a necklace, now doubly consecrated as a memorial of happiness and misfortune.—For a long time she preserved it with feelings of sacred veneration; but in a moment of severe pecuniary distress, she found herself compelled to part with it. The King of Bavaria offered to purchase it, by settling on the ex-Queen an annuity of 23,000 francs. Necessity ratified the bargain, and two years afterwards Hortense was no more.

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ERIE RAILROAD.—Only \$500,000 of the stock of this company remains to be taken. Its immediate construction is a matter settled. Before it is completed many lateral roads will be undertaken leading to it as a great artery connecting with the commercial heart of the country.

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Youthful Incendiaries.—The fire at East Boston on the afternoon of the 14th ult., which broke out in the upper part of a new house owned by Dr. J. J. Fales, has since been discovered to have been the work of a boy named James Dempsey, aged seven years. In company with another boy, named Edward Tracy, aged five years, he preceded to the upper story of the house, lighted a match, set fire to some shavings between the beams of the floor, covered the fire over with some boards, and then ran away. A few days since, these particulars were communicated to Mr. Joshua Dunbar, constable, who questioned the boys, and they acknowledged them to be true. It is not thought advisable to prosecute in this case, on account of the extreme youth of the boy; who is exceedingly frightened and repentant at the discovery of his mischief.

Boston Post.

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We are pained to learn that Stockton Boudinot, a son of E. E. Boudinot, Esq. formerly of this city, a student in the college of New Jersey at Princeton, undesignedly shot himself yesterday, we fear fatally, near that place. It appears that he was with a friend, between Princeton and Kingston, preparing to go out on a shooting excursion, when Boudinot picked up his gun by the barrel, the muzzle toward his head; the trigger caught against something and discharged the whole contents into his head, carrying away part of the skull. He was not dead at 12 o'clock to-day, but no hopes were entertained of his recovery.

Newark Daily Advertiser of Saturday.

## By the Mail.

### FROM THE SOUTH.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 20th, announces the arrival of the brig "Hope Howes," from Galveston, with fuller, though not later, files of Texan papers. The Texan papers have given to the public, for the first time, the secret treaty between Santa Anna and Texas, by which the former obtained his release when a prisoner.

The Galveston News says it was found amongst the papers of Gen. Austin.—Originally the treaty was inclosed in a letter written by Santa Anna to General Jackson, then President of the United States, and the whole accompanied by another letter, written by Gen. Austin at Santa Anna's request, the same distinguished man, soliciting his mediation and influence for the settlement of difficulties between Mexico and Texas. General Austin's letter explains fully the grounds upon which Santa Anna obtained his release—all of them having reference to the solemn pledges made by the latter to use all his exertions to obtain the acknowledgment of Texan independence to the Rio Grande. The Mexican Government never sanctioned this treaty, although they regained their army by it. Mr. Nathan Taylor a respectable citizen of Montgomery county, Texas, was shot dead on the 22d ult., while playing a game of "chess" with his wife. The assassin is utterly unknown.

Alfred Polk, a relative of the President of the United States, was recently elected Chief Justice of the county of San Augustine.

From the last New Orleans Courier, we learn that Gen. Taylor has despatched Major Fauntleroy, of the U. S. Dragoons, to Austin, for the purpose of procuring 100 more Texan riflemen, which number, with those now in the camp, will make 300 of that description of force under General Taylor's command.

Col. Harney, now at Fort Ouachita, is ordered to occupy the town of Austin, with the three companies of Dragoons under his command.

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From Rio Janeiro.—Mr. Everett.—By the Brazilian from Rio Janeiro, August 20th, we learn that the Chinese Squadron had sailed from that port on the 17th.—Mr. A. H. Everett, the Chinese Commissioner, had decided to return home instead of continuing his passage, his physicians having advised him that his health would not warrant him in undertaking to prosecute his mission. He had engaged his passage home in the Courier which was to sail for New York on the 22d ult.

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From Peru.—A gentleman who left Lima as late as the 5th of August, has arrived in this city via Jamaica and St. Jago. He states that our Charge d' Affaires, Mr. Jewett, had arrived at Lima, and was to have been presented to the Peruvian authorities on the next day.—The Peruvian Congress had ratified the convention with the U. S. Government, making indemnity for injuries sustained by our citizens during the "Patriot" war.

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SOUTH CAROLINA.—A letter from South Carolina represents the present year from the beginning as peculiar disastrous, in every respect, to the planting community. Throughout the upper districts of the State, it is almost literally true, there is "no bread," and, of many good citizens it may be observed, "the money faith" wherewith to buy.—Spartanburgh district alone, it is said, and on good authority, has already lost one thousand of her totting population—driven off by hunger and distress—and many of these constituted by no means her worst class of citizens.

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Interesting Relics.—In digging a well on the battle ground at Bunker Hill lately several skeletons were discovered, being the remains of some of those who perished in the battle of the 17th June, 1776.—Quite a number of metal buttons numbered from 43 to 52, were also thrown up. These would seem to have belonged to the enemy as they bear the number of several of their regiments, and it is well known that none such were worn by the Americans. The other articles consist of knee buckles, musket balls, and copper coin, the latter being too much corroded to discover their character or dates. The place where these remains and relics were found, is supposed to have formed a part of one of the main entrenchments at the time of the battle, and that the bodies were covered up where they fell, or were thrown in immediately after the conflict.

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Painful developments were made on Saturday last relative to alleged fraudulent transactions by Mr. James H. Jurey, a merchant of this city. He was arrested, and after a brief examination before the Mayor, committed.—Rich'd Times.

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The late Judge Hitchcock, of New Haven left by will, \$800 to the Domestic Missionary Society of Connecticut, and about \$400 annually, in trust, subject to some important conditions, to indigent young men, preparing for the Ministry, in New Haven, Conn.

.....

Disgraceful Fracas.—We learn from the New Haven Palladium, that a disgraceful fracas occurred in New Milford, on Friday last, between Perry Smith, formerly United States Senator, and George Peck, who tenants a farm nearby. The ex-Senator is said to have grossly insulted Peck, and received in return a most unmerciful flogging.

**The Mormon Temple.**—This monster work in the far West is progressing and excites the wonder of all who look at it. It is intended as a place of public worship? It is said not. The people are to assemble without to worship; the saints alone are to enter within the "holy of holies." The Warsaw Signal insists upon it, however, that the Temple has another object. It says: "The temple, in reality, however, is designed, in our opinion for a fortification. It has regular port holes, in the shape of round windows, in the second story, and is in every respect well situated for a fortification. The wall enclosing five or six acres around the building, is about four feet thick, which can be intended for no other purpose than defence. The idea of its being intended merely as the foundation of an ornamental railing, as pretended by the Saints, is preposterous."

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The population of the City of Louisville, Ky. according to the census just completed, is 37,218. The number of dwelling houses and stores is about 7090. The population in 1840 was 21,000.

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**Extensive Robbery in New York.**—Yesterday, says the N. Y. Evening Gazette of Saturday, Mr. Reuben Rowley, of Wrentham, Mass., left home by the cars for Stonington, and on his arrival there, took passage in the Massachusetts for this city. During the passage, and while near this city, he was accosted by a genteelly dressed man who called himself Southgate, and represented himself as an acquaintance of Mr. Rowley. In the course of conversation Southgate, offered him a peach, which Mr. R. ate and shortly after was seized with a dizziness, violent cramps, &c. with profuse vomiting. When the boat arrived here, Mr. Rowley found that his pocket book had been taken, containing Twenty-seven Thousand Dollars in bank bills, all of Massachusetts banks.

Mr. R. who is quite an elderly man, is very wealthy, and the money his own.—He had counted it all, and felt the pocket book in his pocket, but a short time before the boat arrived here, but does not remember the denomination of the bills. We trust this early notification may assist in leading to the detection of the robber, and the recovery of the money.

.....

**Another Steam Boat Robbery.**—On Saturday night, during the passage from Albany to this city on board the Columbia, Mr. Lucien Lancy was robbed of \$50 and a promissory note for \$200.—On retiring, he locked the door of his state room, so the key must have been turned from the outside, by an instrument used for the purpose.

N. Y. Com. Ado.

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**Resurrectionists.**—Quite a stir was made among the watchmen and city police in Buffalo a few nights since, in consequence of information that persons were busy stealing dead bodies from the public burying ground, and packing them up for export. Two barrels were found, in which were packed the bodies of two females, a colored man, and a child.—Subsequently several persons were arrested, and one of the number made a confession, acknowledging that he had been employed by Drs Waterman and Hovey, and in their company had taken these bodies from the burying ground.—These Doctors have been arrested. They were strangers in the place, and it was supposed they were furnishing the bodies for export to the West.

.....

**A disgraceful Affray occurred yesterday (Sunday)** in front of our office, while the streets were filled with people returning from church. A lawyer of New York, and a merchant formerly of that place, were the combatants. The former charged the latter with writing anonymous letters, subjecting him to a large amount of postage. The lie was given to this, and from words they fell to blows, and fought desperately. They were separated at the moment both were about to be precipitated down the cellar steps of Messrs. Carmichael & Spencer's store.

Albany Citizen.

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**Factories in Maryland.**—We learn from the Cecil Whig that Daniel Lord, Esq. of Philadelphia, has purchased the two Elk Forges, with 971 acres of land attached thereto, for \$18,000. He intends to carry on an extensive Cotton Factory. We also learn from the same source, that Mr. Fisher has purchased the property known as "Tyson's Mills, on Big Elk Creek, and that he likewise intends to start a Cotton Factory.

.....

John M. Harrison, Esq. of Danville, who was shot in a duel by his brother-in-law, Dr. John L. Taylor, of Harrodsburg, died on Thursday last. He is said to have been a young gentleman of fine talents and high promise.—Louisville Journal of Sept. 22.

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A letter received in this city, from Camden dated 23d inst., states that a white frost had occurred within a short distance above that place that morning.

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The weather here has been cool for the season, particularly yesterday morning, when the thermometer in the city showed 58 degrees; and we apprehend there was a white frost within a short distance of Charleston.

.....

This is very unusual in our climate in September, and although it may not be sufficiently severe to kill vegetation it will doubtless check it, and thus may lessen the production of the crops, particularly cotton.—[Charleston Courier of Sept. 26.

**POPULATION OF NEW YORK.**—The New York News has collected the returns of the census, and announces the population of New York to be 366,785, which makes it the fifth city in the world in point of population. The News publishes the following interesting facts: The result for 1845 presents the anomaly of a decrease of \$16,116,020 in the assessed property, and an increase of 54,075 in the inhabitants. This latter is an increase of 15 per cent. in the last five years, against 13.5 in the preceding five years. The 10th Ward alone shows a remarkable decrease, that would indicate some error. We should be glad if the marshals of that Ward could furnish a solution.

The population of the city for one hundred and twenty-four years previous was as follows:

Year	Population
1696	4,302
1731	4,622
1756	10,381
1773	21,870
1786	24,614
1790	18,000
1810	96,372
1820	123,706
1825	166,086

.....

In the short period of one hundred and twenty-five years the Empire of America has risen to the sixth rank in the commercial world. She stands, as compared with the leading cities of the world, according to late enumerations, as follows:

City	Population
London	2,560,281
Liverpool	286,487
Glasgow	285,000
Dublin	240,000
Amsterdam	207,000
Madrid	200,000
Lyons	200,000
Rome	148,903
Mexico	130,000
Edinburgh	133,682
Havana	112,000
Bordeaux	95,114

.....

The population of London proper, it will be seen, is but 125,000, but with its suburbs, amounts to 2,560,281. The suburban population of many of the other cities of Europe is included in the returns. If we embrace Brooklyn as the suburbs of New York, which it really is, inasmuch as that its population is composed of those who do business here, and move over there for convenience—the population of Brooklyn being now 59,925—the population of New York proper would amount to 426,710 souls, and give New York the fifth rank, in the commercial world. She has attained this rank almost altogether through her natural advantages, unaided by any of those extraordinary enterprises which have of late given such an impulse to the prosperity of Boston.

.....

**FIRE IN NEW YORK.**—The report of the Chief Engineer to the Board of Aldermen of New York, shows that during the year ending August 1st, 1845, there have been three hundred and fifty alarms, viz: two hundred and sixty-five fires requiring the employment of the department and its apparatus, and ninety alarms from several causes—bursting of spirit gas lamps, &c. The amount of property destroyed during the year (excluding the fire of the 19th July last, which is estimated at five and a half million of dollars) is as follows: to buildings \$175,861, and to stock, furniture, &c., \$298,969, making an aggregate of \$5, 970,830. In the month of May and June alone, there were sixty-seven actual fires, at each of which a portion of the department worked, and thirty-one district bell alarms, the causes of which were extinguished without such aid.

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**The Mormon War.**—A letter in the St. Louis Republican, dated at Warsaw, September 17th, represents the state of things among the bands of lawless men who have assumed the title of Anti-Mormons, as continuing to be most deplorable. They are carrying fire and faggot into the Mormon settlements in all directions, and do not confine themselves to the Mormons only, but lay waste the dwellings of all those suspected of favoring those lunatics. It was reported at Quincy, that two Mormons had been killed, and three or four wounded. The Clerk of Hancock county, it was said, had fled from the county seat, with the records and papers to Quincy.

Mr. Franklin A. Worrall, a merchant of Carthage, had been fired upon and killed by a body of Mormons concealed. Of course, had produced the most terrible excitement, and the Warsaw Signal contained the most inflammatory appeal to the people for vengeance. "Blood," says that appeal, "will and must flow, if necessary, to rid the country of the cursed authors of the troubles."

A later date to the St. Louis Republican has this paragraph:

The twelve elders, or principal men of the Mormons, have addressed a proposition to the Anties, which was received this evening, and which, I trust, may put a final end to this war. The twelve propose that they will leave Nauvoo and the county next Spring, provided hostilities are suspended and the vexatious suits which they charge the Anties to have instituted against them are withdrawn, and they are allowed peacefully to dispose of their property and prepare for their removal. They have appointed a committee of five to correspond with a committee of an equal number on the part of the old settlers. This proposition is well received by many of the citizens of Warsaw, and if they do not reject it because of the language in which it is addressed to them, (they think it disrespectful,) it will most likely lead to a settlement, and to the removal of the Mormons from among them. It is very desirable that this should be the result.

The Editor of the Republican thinks from a careful observation that from 70 to 100 houses have been destroyed by the Anti-Mormons.

**LOOK OUT FOR AN IMPOSTOR.**—The Boston Daily Advertiser of Friday contains the following communication, which we copy, as we understand that an individual is now making applications of a similar nature in this vicinity:

New Bedford Mercury.

**Charity for the Convent of St. Bernard.**

We learn that applications are making in this city in aid of the Convent of St. Bernard. We know nothing of the individual who is seeking this charity; but the public should be on their guard against imposition.

It will be remembered by many, who at that time were grossly deceived, that two persons, pretending to be Priests, went about Boston and other places, soliciting aid for the same object. They obtained considerable sums; but they were soon after proved to be base impostors, who wasted the money they obtained in prodigal living.

It happens to the writer of this notice to have visited the Convent of St. Bernard, and he was there informed that it is not the practice of that ancient Monastery to send out agents for charity. Its funds, though by various changes reduced, are still adequate to its needs; and at any rate the public should be upon their guard against such impostors as were practiced here, only two successfully, some years since.

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**Awful Case of Matricide.**—Ellen Nelson, a young married woman, living at 50 Cross street, was arrested at 4 o'clock on the morning of Thursday for the murder of her own mother. It appears that the deceased and the prisoner had been quarrelling at intervals during the whole of the previous evening, and that at 11 o'clock, the dispute grew to such a height that the latter seized a heavy stick and struck the former a violent blow on the head, which felled her senseless to the floor, and in half an hour afterwards resulted in her death.

Information of the crime was communicated to the Police station at the Tomb at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning, by the husband of the murderer, and she was immediately afterwards arrested by Assistant Captain Bouton of that station.

The prisoner is a woman of about twenty-four years of age, of middle size rather slim in frame and good looking.—She is the mother of two interesting looking boys, aged respectively six and seven years.—N. Y. Sun.

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**NAVAL.**—U. S. frigate Raritan, Com. Turner, for Montevideo, and brig Brainbridge, Commander Pennington, from Bahia and a cruise, were at Rio Janeiro, August 20. U. S. ship of the line Columbus, and sloop of war Vincennes, for China, sailed August 17.

U. S. sloop of war Yorktown and Jamestown, touched at Madeira about July 20, and forwarded letters by the Portuguese brig Aguia, at New York.

U. S. store ship Lexington, 14 days from New York for Texas, with seven companies U. S. Artillery, all well spoken 16th ult. latitude 25 52, longitude 69 47; had had light SW. winds and calms

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**The Delaware Trials.**—By the Delaware Express, Extra, we learn that a Jury in the case of Van Steenberg, indicted for murder, was finally completed on Saturday. His trial will now proceed but how long it will last cannot be foreseen.

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Rera Preston, John Phoenix, John Burch, Isaac L. Burhans, Calvin Madison, William Reeside and Darius Davis, who had before plead Not Guilty to indictments for murder, withdrew that plea, and plead Guilty of Manslaughter in the first degree, which pleas were accepted.

Augustus Kettle, Smith Sanford, James Clayton, Barbour Stafford, Edwin Mason, and Henry L. Russell, who had heretofore plead Not Guilty to indictments for Murder, withdrew that plea and several plead Guilty to Manslaughter in the fourth degree. These young men are all minors; the Court therefore accepted the plea now interposed.

Andrew Moscript a young lad whose age is between 16 and 17, was brought in Court, pale and emaciated, having been quite sick since he was first taken. He had plead Not Guilty to the charge of Murder, and now withdrew that plea, and plead Guilty to Manslaughter in the fourth degree. Judge Parker suggested to the District Attorney that in consideration of the age of the prisoner, his illness, which is such that it confined in prison it would soon terminate his life, and that he was not a ringleader, but was drawn into the matter—the propriety of entering a nolle prosequi in his case, which was accordingly done.

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**The Explosion on board the Steamer Dayton.**—The victims of this catastrophe number eleven in all, namely:—Lieuts. Higgins and Berry, one sergeant, one corporal, two discharged soldiers, one deck hand, and the rest not stated.—Lieut. William Gordon, of the 3d Infantry, was one of the officers standing with Capt. Crossman. His injuries are slight. Lieut. Graham, of the 4th Infantry, was slightly scalded. Dr Chittenden of the 7th Infantry, was thrown down and much bruised by timbers falling upon him, but he was again about.

Capt. West, the clerk of the boat, was so badly scalded. The cook, a lad, was severely burnt and scalded that it was thought on the fifteenth that he could not possibly survive. The pilot of the boat had an arm broken. Captain Nicholls, of the Texan sloop Cutter, who was on board the boat, had one of his legs broken. A Mr. Graves also was badly burnt and scalded. The remains of those who perished had been decently interred.

**LATEST FROM TEXAS.**—The Convention for forming a State Constitution concluded its sittings on the 28th ult., and the President of Texas immediately issued his proclamation, in pursuance of provisions for submitting the same to the people.

The Constitution it is thought will be accepted by the people without hesitation. President Jones's proclamation directed the justices of the several counties to cause the polls to be opened on the 13th of October next, for the purpose of taking the sense of the people of Texas in regard to the adoption or rejection of the Constitution; also, for their opinion in and against annexation.

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**THE PHILADELPHIA FIREMEN.**—Sunday aside as a day of fighting. The Correspondent of the Commercial Advertiser writes under date of the 29th:—

"During Saturday night and Sunday our city was again disgraced by another series of brutal fighting between the members of the Weccaco and Monmouth men's hose companies, the latter usually being the assailants. Clubs, stones and pistols were frightfully used, and a number of persons were dangerously injured. The fight took place in the city proper, commenced within two or three squares of the Mayor's office, and continued for several squares! It was a fearful scene, the residents of the streets being compelled to close their houses to save their lives and property."

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From the N. O. Picayune, Sept. 21.

**Health of New Orleans.**—It is with unfeigned pleasure that we can announce the continued good health which prevails in the city. It meets for us to acknowledge the hand of a kind Providence in shielding us completely from the visitation of an epidemic. For some days past the weather has been mild and temperate; yesterday considerable rain fell, serving to cleanse the streets and refresh the atmosphere. Few or none can recall a summer when the general health of the parish, and, indeed, of the whole South-West, has been more propitious, nor there ought to induce us to anticipate any change. Our fellow citizens of their summer tours, and friends at the North generally, will sympathize with the pleasure with which this announcement is made.

A schooner arrived at Pensacola on the evening of the 13th instant from Newport, R. I., with a company of artillery, to take the place of the company of infantry at Fort Pickens, which proceeds to Texas.

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**NAVAL.**—The frigate Potomac was taken over to Santa Rosa, to apply the box which has been constructed for her bow, with a view to stop her leaks. Some doubts exist as to the success of the attempt, but the more sanguine hope yet to see the frigate rejoin the squadron without being compelled to repair at Norfolk.

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A Murder is chronicled in the Philadelphia North American, the victim being a young butcher named James Garvin, and the murderer, Frederic Snyder, "one of the crew of the brig Somerset" at the time of the mutiny on board that vessel. Snyder was walking with a female, and supposing that Garvin was following him, he attacked them with a stick of cord wood and beat Garvin so as to cause his death. He was arrested and committed to answer.

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**Boston, Concord and Montreal Railroad.**—We are glad to learn that the prospects of this important road are more promising just now than they have ever been. About \$1,100,000 of the stock is already secured, and it is confidently hoped that the remaining \$400,000, which their charter authorizes them to take, will be secured in a few days.—There is to be a meeting of the stockholders on the 20th of October, for the purpose of organizing the company. It is the opinion of gentlemen of this city who are intimately acquainted with this route, and are men of sound judgement, that the road promises to be as good stock as that of any railroad in New England.—Boston Traveller.

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**Loss of a Steamboat.**—The St. Louis Republican reports the loss of the steamboat Lexington, on the 12th inst. She grounded on a bar in the river, and in backing off, ran against a snag and knocked a hole in her bottom. Boat and cargo a total loss. Insured to the amount of \$13,500 at St. Louis.

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**A NOBLE BOY.**—We learn from Col. Hatch's Nantucket correspondent, that a little son of B. F. Coffin, Esq. of that place, accidentally fell into the dock, on Saturday last. Although a large number of persons were standing upon the wharf at the time, no movement was made towards saving the poor boy from drowning, till a lad named Swain, about 12 years of age, plunged into the water, and rescued him after he had sunk a second time! We are pleased to learn that the father of the lad saved, intends to present him with a suitable testimonial of his gratitude.—Boston Journal.

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The young Senecas are giving farther evidence of civilization. One of them by the name of Lindsey has been fully committed for trial by Justice Maynard, for forging a check for \$450 on O. Lee's Bank in the name of the Indian Agent Mr. S. Osborn. The general agent of the spurious document was indignantly done, except the execution of the signature, which was a very good imitation, but not good enough to get the money on it.—Buff. Com. Adv.



## THE NEWPORT MERCURY

## Newport.

SATURDAY OCT. 4, 1845.

We learn from the Boston Daily Advertiser that the October term of the Circuit Court will be held in that city by Judge Woodbury.

Three building lots in Boston on the West side of Stamford street were sold on Saturday at auction, at \$31, \$2 74, and \$2 72 per foot. The lots were 22 feet front by 78 feet deep.

Our thanks are due Mr. Blanchard, the obliging clerk of the Neptune, for New York and Providence papers.

The Episcopal Convention in New York, adjourned *sine die* on Tuesday evening after adopting three of the five resolutions reported by the Committee of Twenty, one of which directs the payment of all arrears of the Bishop's back salary, amounting probably to several thousand dollars, and another authorizes the Standing Committee to provide the diocese with the services of another Bishop during the disability of the present Bishop. The subjects of an assistant Bishop and the payment of Bishop Onderdonk's salary, was laid on the table.

**ROBBERY.**—The store of Mr. Henry Anthony, corner of Prospect Hill and Spring-streets, in this place, was broken into on Saturday night last, and robbed of about \$35 in bills and small change. The villain got over the fence in the east yard, entered the premises by the cellar door, and found his way to the door which opened into the store. Here by means of a gimlet and jack knife he made an opening large enough to put in his arm and unbolted the door, when he entered and abstracted the money-draw with its contents and made off with it. The draw was afterwards found, with sundry papers, in a lot on the hill, some distance, but no discovery has yet been made of the thief. A cap was found in the cellar, which it is supposed the thief lost in making his escape. A part of the jack-knife was left broken in the door through which the hole was cut. The villain must have been a very bold one, as the lodging room of Mr. A. was separated only from the store by a small keeping room, in which a light was burning, and which shone through a glass door into the store. —Herald of the Times.

## Arrival of the Cambria.

15 Days later from Europe.

IMPROVEMENT IN COTTON—FAVORABLE STATE OF TRADE—RETURN OF THE QUEEN VIA FRANCE.

The steamship CAMBRIA arrived at Boston on Thursday, bringing Liverpool dates to the 19th ult. and London to the day previous.

The Cotton market had improved 1-8d to 1-4d, with large sales. The greater part of the crops have been raised, and although injured in quality and quantity by the unfavorable weather a few weeks before, it has come in better than was anticipated. The grain markets have risen, partly in consequence of the general failure of the potato crop.

Money was still abundant at 2 1/4 to 3 1/4.

Iron was advancing, and a great demand existed for railroad iron.

The Queen of England has returned from her German tour, having landed in France on the way, and passing the night at the Chateau d'Eu, where she was received by Louis Philippe. It is said by the letter writers that the popularity of the Queen declined very rapidly in Germany, in consequence of the scantiness of the royal bounty. The city of Cologne threatens to return her contribution to its celebrated Cathedral.

A general disease in potatoes exists throughout England and the continent. In some districts in the north of France, in Holland and in Belgium very serious apprehension of a scarcity of food were entertained in consequence.

A dispute still rages whether the statue of Oliver Cromwell shall have a place in the new Parliament House, among the sovereigns of England.

The Russians and Circassians have had another battle, in which neither party have gained much. Ireland was comparatively quiet. The principal agitation was upon the Orange question, which O'Connell has been trying with indifferent success to settle.

Some disturbances occurred at Madrid on the evening of the 5th of September, but they were put down by the military.

M. Thiers has been received with great distinction at Madrid.

The Congress of the Zoll Verein is still in session, and will doubtless adopt a policy strongly protective of German manufactures.

Mr. O'Connell is to attend the Tipperary Repeal meeting and banquet on the 25th instant. He is also to be feasted by his followers at Limerick, upon an early day not yet known.

Some fanatics have been preaching at Exeter to immense audiences, announcing that the end of the world is fixed for the 10th of October next.

The Frankfort Journal mentions that the King of Wartenburg had been twice fired at in Meran, in Tyrol, but fortunately without being injured.

King Oscar, of Sweden, has entirely won the hearts of his people by equalizing the law of marriage and inheritance, despite the opposition of the nobles.

Forrest, the American tragedian, is at present in Liverpool.

The Athenæum, "Mr. Lyell has we understand, left England for another tour of the United States."

The iron ship builders, Messrs. Hodgson & Co., of Liverpool, are building an iron ship of 1200 tons burden, the first of a line of steamers between New York and Liverpool.

The expense of the fete given upon the occasion of the Queen's visit to the Rhine is stated in the German papers, to amount to 5,000,000 francs (£200,000 sterling.) The musicians alone were paid 400,000 francs.

The Pope is in a declining state of health.

Four new Roman Catholic bishoprics are about to be established in China, in the cities thrown open to Europeans by the treaty of Nankin.

The newspaper reporters, who followed the Queen's route in Germany, were furnished by the Duke of Saxe Coburg with a house, carriages, opera boxes, servants, a splendid table, and all requisites.

The Mein and the Danube have been at length united by a canal. This great work was designed by Charlemagne, and has been finished by the King of Bavaria.

**IMPORTATION OF FOREIGN GRAIN.**—It is stated that orders have been sent out from this country within the last two months, to the amount of three millions sterling, for the importation of foreign grain, under the expectation that it will be required before the harvest of 1846, either to be mixed with English grain, or to be used separately.

As Mr. J. MAY, of Westminster, Vt., was passing from Princeton to Sterling, Mass., on Friday last, a trunk was cut from the rack of his carriage, carried into the woods a few rods distant, and robbed of a small sum of money and other articles. The trunk was afterwards found in the woods, with the clothing all safe.

**AMERICAN TEA.**—A successful attempt has been made in Virginia to cultivate the Chinese tea plant. Mr. N. Puckett is to have specimens of his tea in the Henrico Agricultural Fair in November.

The brig Albert, of Boston, charged with being engaged in the slave trade, and seized at Philadelphia, has been released and surrendered to her owners, giving security. The mate and crew will have a final hearing on the 10th of October.

**Inspectors of Election Convicted.**—The persons composing the Board of Silver Lake township, Susquehanna County, Pa., have been convicted for admitting illegal votes during the last Presidential election. It appeared from the testimony in the case that forty un-naturalized foreigners had been suffered to vote.

A letter from Mexico, dated Aug. 29th, published in a Vera Cruz journal and translated in the U. S. Gazette, says that it is regarded as certain that Gen. PAREDES has raised the standard of rebellion, and that the garrison of the capital stands ready to second all his views. Many persons of authority have said that the Government could only count upon the fidelity of one company of the garrison.

With respect to Gen. Paredes and the troops under his command, there are very many contradictory reports as to their intentions. Some assert that he will call for a convention; some that a triumvirate will be established; and many speak openly of the entire destruction of the representative system.

By the papers received at Vera Cruz on the 14th from Mexico it appears that a despatch had arrived at the capital stating that 3000 regular troops of the United States and 1500 Texans were on the march for Matamoros.

By the returns Herrera has received 100 out of 130 votes. Only one Department remains to be heard from.

Tobacco was still in possession of the Federalists.

Peredes was at San Louis Potosi with a force of 10,000 men, ostensibly making preparations to march for the northern frontier; but his designs are suspected and he has been accused in Mexico of aiming at a military dictatorship.

The order for establishing the Defenses has been unsuccessful in most of the Departments heard from. In some Departments they had not enlisted a single person. The terms of the enlistment have in consequence been modified.

**Brighton Market, Monday, Sept. 29**

Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

At Market, 2100 Beef Cattle, 850 Stores, 3600 Sheep and 2025 Swine. Several hundred Beef Cattle and Stores unsold.

**Prices—Beef Cattle.**—Prices generally for a like quality were not sustained. A few extra 4 7/8 and \$5; first quality 4 5/8; second quality 4 1/2 to 3 3/4.

**Stores.**—Two year old \$9 15; three year old \$16 84.

**Sheep.**—Sales of small lots from 1 1/2 to 2 1/2. Swine.—Selected lots 3 1/4 and 4 1/4; lots not selected 3 and 4; Old Hogs 3 1/2 and 4 1/4. At retail from 3 1/2 to 5c.

**SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.**—The first rational application of chemistry in the healing art was made by Paracelsus, in the 16th century; and certainly his "elixirs" wrought cures which the ignorance of that day might be excused for supposing miraculous. Yet he stood but on the threshold of the Hygeian Temple. Modern science seems to have explored his mysteries; and of all the libations poured upon his altar, Sands's Sarsaparilla appears to be the most potent. To drop metaphor for the plain language of truth, it may be safely asserted that, favored by the blessing of Providence, this preparation has wrought more radical cures of ulcerous and eruptive diseases than any other in use.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 79 Fulton street, New York. Sold also at 273 Broadway, 77 East Broadway, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price \$1 per bottle. Six bottles for \$5. Sold in Newport, by Dr. R. R. Hazard and R. J. Taylor.

## NOTICE.

Rev. J. O. CHURCH, will preach at the North Baptist Church, to-morrow, all day and evening. [Oct. 4.]

## MARRIED.

In this town, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Bradford, Mr. Benjamin H. Stevens to Miss Frances C. Weaver, daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Weaver, all of this town. Same evening, Mr. John S. Debois to Miss Henrietta Tew, daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Tew, all of this town.

In Trinity Church, Boston, Sept. 29th, at 12 o'clock, by the Rev. Bishop Eastburn, Mr. Nathan H. Gould, of this town, to Miss Emily J., eldest daughter of Isaiah Rogers, Esq., of Marshfield, Mass.

In North Kingston, on the 25th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Braxton, of Warwick, Mr. Thomas W. Noyes, of South Kingston, to Miss Julia E., eldest daughter of the Rev. Joseph W. Allen, of North Kingston.

At New Bedford, on the 1st inst., Mr. James Haffords to Miss Mary E., daughter of the late Samuel H. Jack, formerly of this town.

## DIED.

In this town on Wednesday last, Mrs. Sanna House, widow of the late Mr. John House, in the 80th year of her age.

In Middletown, on the 26th ult., Mr. Levi Barker, formerly of this town, aged 85 years. In Providence, on the 24th ult., Mrs. Lucrotia E. Rabbit, wife of Henry P. Rabbit, and daughter of the late M. Overton, Esq., of New York, aged 38 years; On Thursday, Sarah Frances, daughter of the late Josiah I. Eddy, in the 16th year of her age.

In Providence on the 30th ult., Col. Thomas Sisson, in the 77th year of his age. In Belgrade, Mo., on the 9th ult., Alice Rathbun, wife of Rowland Rathbun, of Blackstone, (Mass.) aged 65 years.—A minister in the Society of Friends.

In New Bedford on the 30th ult., Mr. Benjamin Dunham, formerly of this town, aged 62 years.

## Marine List.

## Port of Newport.

## ARRIVED.

**SATURDAY, Sept. 27.**  
Brigs Union, Dennison, fm Fall River for Portland; Lycoming, Luther, fm do for Wilmington, N.C.

Schrs Canton, Taylor, fm Fall River for Baltimore; John Frederick, Curtis, fm Bangor.

**MONDAY, Sept. 29.**  
Brig Prince de Joinville, Taylor, fm Fall River.

**TUESDAY, Sept. 30.**  
Bark Providence, Vinson, fm Pictou for Providence.

Brig Lawrence, Malony, fm Providence for Boston.

Brig Antares, Cozzens, fm Fall River.

Schr Mather, Bath, fm Gardiner; Addams, Crowell, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Locoma, Smith, fm do for Otter, Duncan, fm New York for Hallowell; Maria, Baker, fm Boston for Providence.

**WEDNESDAY, Oct. 1st.**  
Sloop Nancy Jane, Davis, fm Fall River.

Passed out—Propeller Eudora, New York.

**THURSDAY, Oct. 2d.**  
Brig Osage, Baxter, fm Savannah.

Schrs Splendid, Brown, fm New York for Cherryfield; Ganges, Gibbs, fm Somerset for Sandwich.

Sloops Vineyard, Fish, fm Edgartown for New York; Trader, Redding, fm Connecticut.

**FRIDAY, Oct. 3d.**  
Bark Abby Frances, Brayton, fm Warren for New York.

Brig Algonquin, Cozzens, fm Somerset.

Schr Ninetta, Baker, fm Providence for Baltimore; Edwin A. Stevens, Briggs, fm Dighton for Baltimore.

Sloop Henry Gibbs, Gibbs, fm Fall River for Hartford.

Cleared—Brig Algonquin, Cozzens, Fall River.

Schr Commerce, Carver, fm New Bedford for Philadelphia; I. & W. Erickson, Smith, fm Fall River for do; Levi Spicer, Godfrey, fm Taunton for Baltimore; Meteor, Perry, fm Pawtucket for Philadelphia.

Sloop Fame, Comstock, fm Lyme; Jane, Hall, fm Pawtucket for Providence.

## Marine Memoranda.

Ship Louis Philippe, Castoff, sld from New York 24th for Havre.

At Tampa Bay, 15th, schr Cabot, Dennis, fm New York, via Key West.

Schr Alexander, Taylor, arr at Philadelphia 25th.

At Havana, 13th inst, brig Echo, Smith, hence disg; Warsaw, Bardick, do do.

Cld at Bermuda, 10th inst, brig Lisbon, Austin, Darien, Ga.

Brig Octavia, Doughty, hence, arr at Philadelphia 29th.

Brig Pocahontas, Wado, cld at Pensacola prev. to 21st for New Orleans.

Arr at New Bedford, 2d, ship Arab, Harding Indian Ocean, 2100 bbls. (700 wh) oil, for Fairhaven.

## Weekly Almanac.

1845. Sun Sun Moon High rises sets. rises, Wair

4 Saturday, 6 16 5 44 7 33 9 50

5 Sunday, 6 17 5 43 8 22 10 46

6 Monday, 6 19 5 41 9 20 11 44

7 Tuesday, 6 20 5 40 10 23 aft.

8 Wednesday, 6 22 5 38 11 39 0 40

9 Thursday, 6 23 5 37 12 31 1 43

10 Friday, 6 25 5 35 0 43 2 36

Moon 1st gr. 5th 6h 1m morning.

## Meteorological Diary

FOR SEPTEMBER, 1845.

Therm.	WINDS.	GENERAL ASPECT OF THE WEATHER.
1 50 70 63	SW SW	Clear Clear Clear
2 64 76 72	NW NW	Cloudy Rain Cloudy
3 68 78 70	W SW	Rain Clear Clear
4 65 77 60	W SW	Cloudy Cloudy Rain
5 66 80 70	W SW	Clear Clear Clear
6 66 76 66	W SW	do do do
7 60 74 68	W SW	do do do
8 60 68 62	SW SE	Clear Clear Cloudy
9 54 67 63	SE SE	Cloudy Clear Clear
10 58 74 62	SW SW	Clear Clear Clear
11 58 74 62	SW SW	do do do
12 54 70 56	NW NW	do do do
13 46 68 50	NW NW	do do do
14 60 66 64	SE SW	Cloudy Rain Cloudy
15 69 73 66	NW SW	Clear Clear Clear
16 58 68 58	NW SW	do do do
17 57 70 65	SW SW	do do do
18 56 74 68	SW SW	Cloudy all day
19 58 74 62	NW SW	Clear Clear Clear
20 60 72 68	SW SW	Rain Cloudy Clear
21 58 64 56	NW SW	Cloudy Rain Cloudy
22 50 64 62	NW SW	Clear Clear Clear
23 46 56 58	NW SW	Cloudy Cloudy Rain
24 50 58 50	SE SW	Rain Rain Clear
25 48 64 56	SE SW	Clear Clear Clear
26 54 65 50	SE SW	Clear Clear Cloudy
27 52 66 60	SE SW	Rain Rain Cloudy
28 56 65 60	SE SW	Clear Clear Clear
29 55 65 62	SE SW	do do do
30 58 70 63	SE SW	do do do

Mean average of this Month, 62 55

Mean do of Sept. last Year, 62 72

Mean do of Sept. 1826, the coldest 59 34

Mean do. of Sept. 1830, the warmest 68 41

This month has been one of the most delightful we have ever experienced.

## Real Estate for Sale.

THE residence of the subscriber is offered for sale. The situation is allowed to be one of the best in Newport. The house is new and in good repair; The grounds nearly two acres, are well planted with trees of vigorous growth. Application during this month may be made to the subscriber on the premises.

J. H. GILLIAT.

Newport, Oct. 4, 1845.

IF The New York Courier & Enquirer, and Boston Atlas, will please copy the above for one month, and send their bills to this Office.

## HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

Attention the Whole!!

## LOOK OUT FOR

## COLD WEATHER

## LONG-ROOM REPLENISHED

## WITH NEW FALL AND

## WINTER GOODS.

Ho! all who wear a threadbare Coat, To HAMMETT'S Long Room come, And see what a good one can be bought For a very trifling sum.

JUST received at No. 133 1-2 Thames st., every variety of Goods for gentlemen's wearing apparel, of the latest styles for Fall and Winter, among which may be found

**COATINGS.**—Black, Brown, Blue Black, invisible green, olive and blue broadcloths, for dress and frock coats; piano, wavy, and diamond beavers of all colors, for Overcoats.

**VESTINGS.**—Silk velvets, plain and fancy, rich satins, do. do. volencies, woolen velvets, cashmere, &c., a splendid assortment as was ever shown in this place.

**PANT STUFFS.**—Doekings, plain & ribbed, all colors, plaid and striped; cassimeres, do. do. do. ; satinets, all colors and qualities.

The above Goods will be sold by the yard, or MADE UP TO ORDER, in the most approved and fashionable styles.

## Ready Made Clothing.

Of every description, for Men and Boys, constantly manufacturing and for sale at the Lowest Cash Prices.

## Furnishing Goods.

A large stock may always be found at this establishment, such as:—Shirts, Drawers, Robings, Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, Suspenders, Bosoms, Collars, and every article worn by gentlemen, found in a store of the kind.

Also—A great variety of Tailor's Trimmings.

J. M. HAMMETT.

Newport, Oct. 4.

## Through by Stage.

On and after the 4th inst., a stage will leave Newport daily, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, a. m. for Fall River, Taunton and New Bedford, and arrive in Fall River at half past 11, and New Bedford and Taunton at half past 3 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Taunton and New Bedford at 9 a. m. and Fall River at 1 p. m. Fare to Fall River 50 cents, to New Bedford \$1.25, and Taunton \$1.25.

Stage Book in Newport, at Townsend's Hotel.

R. B. KINSLEY & Co.

Oct. 4, 1845.

## FOR SALE.

THE estate formerly belonging to Thomas Messer, deceased, on the South side of the Long Wharf, consisting of a Dwelling House, Store, and three lots of Land. For particulars and terms apply to

E. TREVETT,

or

WM. MESSER.

Newport, Sept. 20.

## SUPERIOR WIGS

AND

## HAIR WORK.

EVERY description of Wigs and Hair Work constantly manufacturing and for sale wholesale and retail, at B. F. Burgess's establishment 303 Washington st., Boston. Gents gossamer and wigs of superior make and finish; Ladies self-contrasting half wigs,—entire new model, and fit themselves so completely to the head that they can be combed and arranged without the least trouble from moving out of place. These articles are a great improvement as they can be worn without a cap. All kinds of articles for Hair dressers use. Those wishing to buy to sell again, or at retail, will find it to their advantage to call, as the assortment is extensive, of the best quality, and at the lowest prices. All articles ordered, warranted to fit. Choice perfumery, combs, brushes, &c., at 304 Washington street, opposite Avon Place, BOSTON.

Oct. 4, 1845.—6w.

## A Large Assortment of

## Fashionable

## BOOTS and SHOES,

## JUST RECEIVED

And for sale very cheap for cash by

GEORGE H. NORMAN, & CO.

Newport, Oct. 4.

## NOTICE.

After Monday next, the trips of the steamer

MOHEGAN, Captain

Manchester, between

Newport and Providence, and Newport & Stonington, will be discontinued.

[Oct. 4.]

ANTHONY STEWART, Agent.

## R. B. KINSLEY'S

## Daily Forwarding Express

FOR large and small Packages (excluding Mail matter) between Newport, Boston, Fall River, Taunton and New Bedford. Freight in large quantities taken at reduced rates.

Office in Newport at R. B. Kinsley's residence, in Green street; Office in Boston at Doolittle's City Tavern, Brattle street.

Patronize the Neptune, and she will not desert you.

## INDEPENDENT OPPOSITION

## LINE FOR

## Providence &amp; Boston.

FARE TO PROVIDENCE 50 CENTS.

THE commodious and favorite steamer

Nepenthe, Capt. Wm. Kollins, will leave New

port for Providence & Boston every Tues

day, Thursday and Saturday morning.

The Neptune is the only boat now running which arrives in Providence in ample time for Passengers to take the Morning Train of Cars for Boston. [Sept. 13.]

## For Charleston, S. C.

The schooner GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. Miller, will sail about the 10th of October. Apply to

GEORGE BOWEN, & CO.

Newport, Sept. 27.

## Merchants Bank.

THE Stockholders of this Bank are



NEW TIN and SHEET IRON WARE Establishment.

THE subscribers have taken the store No. 127 Thames Street, nearly opposite the store of Messrs Finch & Engle, and have entered into co-partnership under the name of **Coggeshall & Bliss**, for the purpose of manufacturing every description of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware. They will sell on REASONABLE TERMS to suit the times. They have on hand a lot of plain Japan and Britannia Ware. They also intend keeping on hand an assortment of Sheet and Cast Iron STOVES of the most approved patterns. **N. B.** All kinds of Job Work in the above line done to order. A share of public patronage is solicited with the assurance that no pains will be spared to give satisfaction to all who may favour them with orders in their line of business. **FREEBORN COGGESHALL, WILLIAM H. BLISS.** Newport, Aug. 10, 1844.—tf.

Commissioners & Administrators Notice.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of **ROBINSON POTTER**, late of Newport, Merchant deceased, and six months from this date, being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims, we will attend at the Counting room of Adam S. Coo, on the last Saturday of October, November and December, at 2 p. m., for purpose of deciding on such claims. **CHARLES GYLES, } Comm'rs. ADAM S. COO, } PLEO C. LARKE, }** All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to **THEO'S C. DUNN, } Adm'rs. JOHN M. KEITH, }** Newport July 7, 1845.

TO LET.

And possession given immediately. A part of a furnished House, pleasantly situated on the Hill. Enquire at this Office. Newport, Sept. 20

James Phillips,

HAS just received a new style of Cassimeres, Linens, Vestings, Cravats, Tweeds, Cashmere for coats, &c., which are now open and for sale cheap. All garments made to order, and warranted to fit. At 108 Thames street. July 12

TO LET.

and possession given on the 1st of October. THE large Dwelling House corner of Spring and Mill streets, now occupied by Mrs. Gould, as a Boarding House. It contains 18 rooms, and has a good well of water, rainwater, cistern, &c. From its central situation it would be found a first rate place for obtaining boarders. If a suitable tenant should offer, the rent could be paid in board. For particulars and terms which will be reasonable, apply to the subscriber on the premises. **ISAAC BURDICK.** Newport, Sept. 6, 1845.

TOWN TAX for 1845.

THE subscriber has received from the Town Treasurer, the Tax Book for 1845, and hereby informs all persons subject to taxation, that he is ready to attend to the settlement of their Taxes, at his office, No. 99 Thames street. **JEREMIAH GOODSPEED, Col'lr.** Sept. 13, 1845.

To Jewellers and Others.

THE subscriber has lost, during his stay in Newport, a SEAL RING, with a Crest cut upon a dark colored stone. The crest is a Lion. A liberal reward will be given for its recovery. Address **BENJAMIN C. HOWARD, Elliptic's Mills, MARYLAND.** Sept. 13, 1845.

Court of Probate Little Compton, Sept. 16, A. D. 1845.

AN Instrument in writing was presented to this Court as the will of **THOMAS BURGESS**, late of Little Compton, dec., for examination and approval, by Samuel T. Burgess, Executor therein named. It is ordered that the same be received, and its approval referred to the 2d Monday in October next at 1 o'clock, p. m., at the Town Hall in said Little Compton where all interested may appear at Probate Court, then to be held, and they shall be heard. Also, ordered that Legal Notice be given of the same, by inserting a copy of this Order, in the Newport Mercury, for three successive weeks previous to the sitting of said Court. By order—Witness, **OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

CHEAP BOOTS.

**JUST RECEIVED** AT THE **CHEAP** Cash Shoe Store, No. 95 Thames street, (recently occupied by John Corban, dec.) TWELVE CASES of Mens light calf and seal Boots. The above were bought for cash at the Manufacturer's lowest rates, and will be sold at a very small advance, some as low as \$1.25. Please call and examine for yourselves. **GEORGE H. NORMAN, & CO.** Newport, Aug. 30.

Medical Institution of Yale College.

THE LECTURE TERM for 1845-6 will commence on Thursday, October 2nd, and continue sixteen weeks. Chemistry and Pharmacy, by **BENJAMIN SILLIMAN, M. D., LL. D.** Theory and Practice of Physic, by **ELI IVER, M. D.** Principles and Practice of Surgery, by **JONATHAN KNIGHT, M. D.** Obstetrics, by **TIMOTHY P. BEERS, M. D.** Anatomy and Physiology, by **CHARLES HOOKER, M. D.** Materia Medica, and Therapeutics, by **HENRY BRONSON, M. D.** Lecture Fees, \$69.40; Contingent Bill, \$2.50; Matriculation Fee, \$5.00; Graduation Fee, \$15.00. **CHAS. HOOKER, Dean of the Faculty.** New Haven, July 25, 1845. 3w.

A first rate Farm for Sale.

That well known and beautiful, ly situated Farm, containing about fifty acres of highly cultivated land, and known by the name of the George Armstrong Farm, is now offered for sale. This farm is on the margin of the sea, with valuable privileges of building stone, sand, gravel and sea manure. It lies at the bottom of Narragansett street, and is constantly increasing in value. For further particulars, apply to **JOSIAH C. SHAW.** Newport, May 24, 1845.—tf.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THAT well known Farm in Middletown, about two miles from Newport, known as the PURGATORY PLACE, lately owned and occupied by Felix Peckham, deceased, containing about 70 acres of the best land in the State, with a Dwelling House, Barn &c. thereon. Any person wishing to purchase, can view the place and learn the terms, by calling on Benjamin E. Remington, on the premises, or the subscriber. **ABNER PECKHAM.** Middletown, Aug. 9, 1845.

Fine Swedish LEECHES.

Received this day, at **R. R. HAZARD'S,** Sign of the Mortar, near the Court House. [Aug. 23]

CONGRESS WATER.

Just received at **R. R. HAZARD'S,** Near the Court House. [Aug.]

FOR SALE.

THE house occupied by the subscriber, one mile from Newport, on the main road. The location is not surpassed. The grounds are neatly laid out—an orchard of grafted fruit, and a large Garden. The whole, well fenced, and sheltered with a variety of forest trees, of large growth, comprises twenty acres.—No further description is given, as persons wishing to purchase may examine for themselves between the hours of 9 and 11 a. m. For terms apply on the premises to **WM. VERNON.** Newport, Aug. 21, 1845.—1m.

Beautiful Fall Gingham.

Beautiful Fall Gingham, and Mourning do. of the nicest quality, just received by **H. SESSIONS,** No. 152 Thames Street.

Roussel's Shaving Cream, Cologne Water, and Handkerchief Perfumes at

**R. R. HAZARD'S,** near the Court House. Sept. 6.]

COTTONS.

BLEACHED and unbleached Cottons, Bedticks, Drillings, Jeans, Canton Flannels, checked Shirts, Stripes, colored Cambric, paper do, just received and for sale at 102, Thames street, by **H. SESSIONS.** Aug. 23.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and gentlemen of Newport that he has taken a shop opposite Trinity Church, in Spring street, where he will manufacture, cover and repair Umbrellas and Parasols, according to order and at short notice, at the sign of the red and white parasol. **JOHN KINNIN.** Newport, Sept. 6.

Alexander's Tricobaphe.

A new and valuable Liquid Dye which instantaneously changes the color of the hair to a beautiful brown or black, without injury to the hair or skin and which will not fail of complete success, when properly applied. **R. R. HAZARD,** Sign of the Mortar, near the Court House. Sept. 6.

McAlister's all healing Ointment, Dalley's Pain Extractor, Conolly's do do, M'Clintock's Papillary Lotion, Doct. Evans' Soothing Syrup for Children, Teething, Nurse, Wright's, do do do Dr. Buchan's Hungarian Balsam of Life, Wistars balsam of Wild Cherry, Starkweather's Hepatic Elixir, Bartines Lotion, A fresh supply of the above at **R. R. HAZARD'S,** Sign of the Mortar, near the Court House.

FOR SALE,

THE house and lot occupied by the subscriber Mill street nearly opposite the old Stone Mill. This property is among the most beautiful locations in town. For terms apply to **JOSIAH C. SHAW.** Newport Aug. 9.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Directors of the Coddington Manufacturing Company, held on the 19th inst, DAVID G. Cook was appointed Agent and Treasurer of said Company. **EDWARD W. LAWTON, President.** Newport, Aug. 23, 1845.

DALLEY'S Original and Only Genuine

Magical Pain Extractor, THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

THIS medicine has more power and influence over disease than any other yet known. It entirely conquers Pain, Fire, Scar, Inflammation & Mortification. Fame, with her million tongues, says, "Next to the Bible, let it be prized."—No human physician or parent should be without it a moment. The pains of the Worst Burns are stopped instantly by it, and healed without scar. It is also a sovereign remedy for the following diseases:—

Fits both blind & bleeding, Bronchitis, Felons, Sore Eyes, Fever Sores, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Wounds, Tic Dolorous, Barber's Itch, Bruises, Ague in Face, Spinal Weakness, Chapped Hands, Swellings, Rheumatic Inflammation, Scurvy and Chronic Strains, Constipation & Inflammation of the Bowels.

And, in fact, any thing that is sore & painful. The universal celebrity of this medicine has excited the dupidity of certain worthless persons, who endeavor to palm off a worthless or imitation article.—Therefore observe that every box of the genuine has the written signature of H. Dalley, the proprietor, on the wrapper. All others are spurious, and should be avoided. Only Depot for the United States, No. 128 Fulton street, New York, where all orders must be addressed. For sale in Newport, by **R. J. TAYLOR,** No. 148 Thames st., and **Dr. R. R. HAZARD,** Washington Square. June 7.

GUANO.

TEN TONS AFRICAN GUANO, in Barrels, for sale by **G. BOWEN, & CO.** Newport, July 26, 1845.

Sulphate of Ammonia.

Seeds steeped in a solution of this article come forward sooner and give an increased yield. For sale by **R. J. TAYLOR.** May 10.]

COAL.

THE best quality of RED ASH and LEHIGH COAL, constantly on hand and for sale, at as low a rate, for cash, as can be bought in Newport, by the subscriber, on the Perry Factory wharf. **NICHOLAS GIFFORD.** Newport, April 12, 1845.—6m.

SHAKERS HERBS.

AN assortment of culinary and medicinal Herbs, put up by the shakers at May 31.] **R. J. TAYLOR'S.**

LEECHES,

In prime order, at **R. J. TAYLOR'S** Aug. 9.]

NATHAN M. CHAFEE,

Brass and Copper Smith, Thames st.—three doors North of the Custom House.

Would inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute all orders in his line of business with care and promptness, and on as favorable terms as they can be executed anywhere.

Copper & Iron Lifting & Force PUMPS,

and the best quality of TINNED LEAD PIPE, of various sizes, constantly on hand, and fitted to order. Also pipes to convey water to any part of a house; and the workmanship warranted.

Brass and Composition CASTINGS,

of all kinds, furnished at short notice. COMPOSITION STEVES and NAILS constantly on hand. All kinds of Lead work done. REPAIRING promptly executed. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. Newport, May 10.—6m.

Fashionable BOOTS and SHOES.

**JOHN N. POTTER,** NO. 112 1-2 THAMES ST

HAS just received a complete assortment of Boots & Shoes, comprising French calf boots, Gentlemen's Button Gaiters, lasting and goat skin do, Ladies gaiter boots, Ladies French slippers, Morocco and Kid shoes, Misses, Masters and Children's boots and shoes of every description, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices. French blacking, Potter's unrivaled Leather Preserver, &c. &c., for sale as above. [May 31.]

Administrator's Notice:

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, administrator on the estate of **JOHN CORBAN,** late of Newport, dec., and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs, all persons having demands against the said estate are requested to present the same for settlement; and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to **PETER P. REMINGTON.** Administrator with the will annexed. Newport, July 12.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that he has taken the Store, corner of Hanister's wharf and Thames street, and directly opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Fruits, Preserves, Jellies, Spices, Catsups, Pickles, Macaroni, Vermacilla, Nuts, bottled and Draft Ale; bottled Cider, Porter & Beer by the dozen or single bottle; bottled and Fountain Soda Water, with or without Syrups, by the doz. or single bottle; Havana and Principe Cigars; Fine Cut Chewing, Turkish and American Smoking Tobacco; Pipes, Bird Cages and Bird Seed; and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. **T. S. STANHOPE.** Newport, May 18th.—tf.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE and lot occupied by the subscriber in Spring street. Also a house and lot in Ann street. **DAVID KING.** Newport, August 16, 1845.

SILVER LUSTRE.

Warranted superior to any preparation in use for polishing toys & Grates, for sale wholesale and retail by **R. J. TAYLOR.** May 3.]

THE subscribers having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the creditors of the estate of **JAMES T. SHERMAN,** late of Newport, dec., represented insolvent; and six months from this date being allowed by said Court, for the creditors of said estate to present and prove their respective claims before said Commissioners, we will attend at the office of Peter P. Remington, on the 2d Saturdays in November, December and January next, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of deciding on such claims as may be presented against said estate.

**JAMES LAWTON, } Comm'rs. JOSEPH M. HAMMETT, } CHAS. N. TILLEY, }** Newport, July 7, 1845. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to **PETER P. REMINGTON.**

BROADCLOTHS.

BROADCLOTHS, Kerseys, more, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweed Cloths, Woolinets, Moleskins, red, white and yellow Flannels, for sale at very reduced prices, at No. 162, Thames street, by **H. SESSIONS.** Aug. 23.

From the Olive Branch, May 25, 1845.

DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA.—A very useful article with the appellation at the head of this notice, is prepared by Dr. James Kidder, of East Boston. We have not been in the habit of admitting notices of any kind of crack medicines, pills and nostrums, and the thousand and one cure-alls advertised in the newspapers, we heartily despise, with their vendors, and we have ever done what our position enabled us to save the community from being poisoned and fleeced by these mercenary pretenders. But we consider Dr. K's Panacea entirely of a different character. We have seen the happiest results from the use of it in a large number of cases. It is used to invigorate a debilitated system and to purify the blood; it is highly useful in cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart, faintness, nervous and sick headache, jaundice, cholera, and such diseases of the skin as eruptions, produced by salt rheum or Barber's Itch and other cutaneous diseases of the same class, particularly so for scrofula. To many of these diseases this panacea effects an immediate or early cure, and in most cases affords relief. But we have said more than we intended of any medicinal prescription.—It can be had of Dr. Kidder, and his agents.

Read this Certificate, just received. TETTERSONOUGH, N. H., May 9, 1845.

Dear Sir—Allow me to express my gratitude to you, for the valuable services I have received from the use of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea. I have been suffering from the ravages of a violent humor, which had baffled the skill of the physicians, and which had made rapid inroads upon my constitution. My business had been neglected for about 18 months, and I was depressed and discontented. Chance placed in my possession one of your advertisements of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I felt induced to try it, although I had but little faith in its virtues, as several other very highly recommended medicines had failed to restore me to health. But to my surprise, the first bottle produced most beneficial effects. I obtained a second, and before that was all gone, my humor had departed, my appetite returned, my spirits resumed their elasticity, and I am now well and hard at work on my farm.

This certificate I give uncalled for, and solely for the purpose of informing those who are suffering, that relief can be found for their afflictions, and that, too, from the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea. Yours, &c. **EPHRAIM P. DUNCAN.** Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail by **JAMES KIDDER, Jr.,** Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, Dr. R. R. Hazard, on the parade; R. J. Taylor, and C. G. C. Hazard, Thames street, Newport, R. I.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Stockholders of the Newport Steam Factory, held on the 23d inst, **GEORGE BOWEN** was unanimously chosen Agent & Treasurer of said company. **GEORGE HALL, President.** Newport, August 30, 1845.

"IS IT A HUMBUG?"

The Patent Galvanic Rings and CHRISTIE'S MAGNETIC FLUID.

DR. CHRISTIE promised the American Public when he introduced his discovery, that it should be tested solely by its merits.—Thousands of foreign certificates might readily have been presented, but it was believed that it would be more satisfactory to await some revision here, which might prove decisive as to its truth and efficacy. It is therefore with a feeling of pleasure that the following home certificates are presented to the public, which are selected from several others of a similar description, and have been voluntarily tendered by the respective parties. The first is an extract from an editorial which appeared on the 24th inst, in the Albany Daily Citizen—J. Stanley Smith, Esq., Editor. "The Patent Galvanic Rings, which are making such a stir in the world just now, are a novel invention of this age of inventions." With regard to their efficacy, we can say that two or three cases have fallen under our notice, which have favorably impressed our minds. The first is that of a highly respectable merchant of New York, who declared to us that their use speedily relieved him of a cough, seated pain in the side, and many symptoms of a pulmonary complaint, and he is now entirely well. The second that we shall notice, is that of a young man named Robbins, a resident of this city, who about one year since was visited with an attack of Paralysis, which affected the whole of one side of his body. We accompanied a medical friend to his residence, No. 96 Beaver street, on Saturday, to inquire into his case. We found that he had been deprived entirely of the use of one arm and leg, and that sensation had been lost to the whole side of the body. He had been unable to use the leg in walking, or the arm in eating, and the physicians said they could not help him. Within a few weeks he had worn two and four of Dr. Christie's Galvanic Rings, and used the Magnetic Fluid, and the effect upon his paralytic limbs is astonishing. The deathlike coldness left them, the numbness began to give way to many sensations of returning life and feeling, perspiration came out freely, and he was rapidly gaining, and while before he wore the Ring, he was unable to articulate distinctly, walk or feed himself, yet now he talks freely, rides out, walks some, and for the most part is able to help himself. Those cases, coming to our personal knowledge, certainly testify to the merits of Dr. Christie's Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid."

DR. CHRISTIE.—I have been severely afflicted for the last eight years, with cramp in my legs and thighs, frequently suffering the most excruciating pains, the cords of my legs having contracted into knots. I have tried every "remedy" that I have ever heard of without the least success. In truth, I seemed only to be getting worse. From a favorable account which I accidentally heard, I was induced to try the effect of your Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid. In less than 24 hours after wearing two of the Rings one on each hand, the severe pain had effectually left me, and two weeks having now elapsed without any recurrence of my complaint, I believe a cure has been effected by your discovery, and deem it a duty to inform you of the fact, and state my willingness to have it made public. My wife has been severely troubled with Chronic Rheumatism, affecting her in various parts of the body, which has been cured, as she believes effectually, by the use of the Rings and the Magnetic Fluid, after a trial of but a few days. I shall feel pleased in satisfying the incredulous of the truth of the above on personal application. **SAMUEL SHIELDS.** 155 Eldridge street. New York, June 25, 1845.

New York, June 23, 1845. DR. A. H. CHRISTIE.—Dear Sir—I have from my childhood been afflicted with almost constant nervous headache and rheumatic pains in my legs and arms. I have often suffered so intensely that it has prevented me from following my usual occupation and frequently destroyed my appetite. My nervous debility and weakness has consequently been so great that after having tried almost everything without any relief, I gave up in despair. I was recommended to try your Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid, and only at a friend's urgent solicitation was induced to do so. Its effect upon my system was almost miraculous. After a few hours the application appeared to strengthen my nerves, relieve me of my headache, and I have had no other relapse of the Rheumatism or any pains since the first day. I would therefore, unhesitatingly recommend your Galvanic Rings and Fluid to those afflicted as I have been. Respectfully **JACOB A. OGBURY,** 162 William st.

These certificates are published for the purpose of inspiring an honest confidence in his discovery which Dr. Christie believes it deserves. If it were necessary, many others would be given, which may be seen at the Office, 134 Fulton street. In all kinds of Rheumatism and Nervous Complaints, the beneficial effect is certain and lasting, and in all cases where the Galvanic Batteries and Magnetic Machines are recommended, the Galvanic Rings and Magnetic Fluid will be found equally beneficial, much safer, and twenty times as cheap. The only place in New York to obtain the genuine article is at Mr Christie's Office, 134 Fulton street (Sun Building). To guard against fraud Dr. Christie appoints both an agency in each of the cities of the United States. The only agent in Newport is **R. J. TAYLOR,** Thames street. August 23, 1845.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last will and testament of **MICHELE CORNE,** late of Newport, deceased, & having given bond to the Court of Probate as the law directs, hereby requests all persons having claims against said estate to present them to him for adjustment, and all those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment. **WM. BOTTOMORE, Executor.**

Clerk's Office, Court of Probate, Newport, September 10, 1845.

**PETER P. REMINGTON,** administrator on the estate of **GILES BARNEY.**

late of Newport, Blacksmith, dec., presents his first account on said estate for allowance, with a request that notice may be given that it will be taken into consideration at a Court of Probate on the first Monday in October next to be held at the Town Hall at 9 o'clock, a. m., and that all persons interested on said estate may appear and be heard. A true Copy—Witness, **B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk,**

Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to Insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woollen, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

**\$150,000.** All paid in and well invested.—Directors elected June 6th, 1842:—

William Rhodes, William Kelly, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchings, Ebenezer Kelley, Solomon Townsend, Tully D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris and Jabez Bullock.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property) per mail, to the resident and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to **GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.** **WILLIAM RHODES, President.** **ALLEN O. PECK, Sec'y.** American Insurance Co's Office, July 14, 1842.

NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

**John H. Clegg** SILK, COTTON, and WOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the Dye House, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to Dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks, Cassimeres, Grapes, Merinos, Sattins, Circassians, Pongees, Bombazines, Hosiery, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns, merino, circassian, bombazine, and crapes dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments, such as dress, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls, elegantly and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and woollen table clothes cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner Street, or the following Agent will receive prompt attention.—**A. N. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley-Portsmouth** February 19, 1842.

THIS DAY OPENED BY

**E. W. Lawton & Son,** A very large supply of

New & FASHIONABLE GOODS,

SELECTED during the last fortnight in Boston and New York, which they respectfully ask their friends and customers to call and examine.

Their Carpet Room has been replenished by new purchases with upwards of

**6,000 YARDS** of Woolen Carpetings,

At all prices, from 50 cents to \$1.75 per yard, and corresponding additions of all the articles usually found in a Carpet Warehouse—such as Hearth Rugs, painted bockings, painted canvass, floor cloths, straw matting, door matto, list carpets, stair rods, &c. &c.

FARM FOR SALE.

About two miles from the Court House in Newport, of 116 1-2 acres, with a large two story house, a large barn and other convenient out buildings; an excellent well of water; two young orchards; a valuable privilege for sea manure; pleasantly situated in full view of Providence River, and will be sold in nearly equal parts, the one containing all the buildings, or altogether, as may suit purchasers.—Terms liberal and payment made easy. For further information apply to **DAVID BUFFUM.** Middletown, 7th mo. 31, 1845.

TO LET,

THE subscriber's house in Broad street is again to Let, with or without furniture. **ZENAS L. HAMMOND.** Newport, Aug. 9.

Commissioners & Administrators Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estates of **MARY MUMFORD**, widow, and **Sarah A. Mumford**, single woman, both late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from July 9th, having been allowed on the estate of Mary Mumford, and six months from July 7th was allowed on the estate of Sarah Ann Mumford for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims; we will attend at the Counting Room of John V. Hammett, on the first Saturday evenings of November, December and January next, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of deciding on such claims. **PETER P. REMINGTON, } Comm'rs. JOHN V. HAMMETT, } THOMAS SPOONER, }**

The subscriber having been appointed Administrator with the Will annexed on the estate of **Mary Mumford**, and Administrator on the estate of **Sarah Ann Mumford**, he requests all persons indebted to either of said estates to make immediate payment. **CLARKE BURDICK, Adm'r.** Newport, July 19, 1845.

Woolen Yarn.

EVERY kind of Woolen Yarn and 3 threaded Worsted, all of the nicest quality, for sale at 162, Thames street. **H. SESSIONS.** Aug. 23.